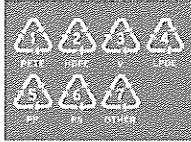


1.



Why do plastic identification numbers exist?

- To help determine how many people use different types of plastic products
- To identify the factories where plastic products are manufactured
- To help people separate different types of recyclable plastics
- To determine which regions of the country use which plastic products the most

2. Which is the correct order for the recycling of aluminum?

- It's liquefied, then shredded, then cast into ingots
- It's cast into ingots, then shredded, then liquefied
- It's liquefied, then cast into ingots, then shredded
- It's shredded, then liquefied, then cast into ingots

3. Why do materials have to be sorted before they're recycled?

- Because different materials are sent to different recycling facilities
- Because sorting allows you to play a role in the recycling process
- Because people who work at recycling facilities don't know how to sort recyclables
- Because materials have to be recycled in the same state where they're produced

4. What would most likely be contained in "regular trash" that isn't recycled?

- Glass and plastic products
- Used toothpaste tubes and bandages
- Old newspapers and magazines
- Aluminum cans

5. Why does paper need to be treated before it is recycled?

- Because it might contain deadly diseases
- Because recycled paper disintegrates if it isn't treated
- Because inks and dyes need to be washed off before it can be re-used
- Because it is worth more money after it is treated

6. Which of the following is most similar to the process of recycling?

- Bringing a reusable shopping bag to the grocery store
- Turning off the water while you brush your teeth
- Telling mail-order companies to stop sending you catalogues
- Turning part of an old t-shirt into a patch for your jeans

7. How is recycling aluminum different from recycling plastics?

- Aluminum can be recycled in a few hours; recycling plastic takes several years
- Plastic can only be recycled into other forms of plastic, while aluminum can be recycled into steel
- Plastics have to be sorted carefully before recycling; this is not so for aluminum
- Recycling plastics uses much less energy than recycling aluminum

8. Recycling diminishes the need for new raw materials. In the preceding sentence, what does "diminishes" mean?

- Increases
- Eliminates
- Helps
- Reduces

9. Which natural resource does recycling paper allow people to conserve?

- Nuclear energy
- Solar energy
- Trees
- Hydroelectric power

10. What would most likely happen if there were no recycling?

- The planet would run out of fossil fuels more slowly
- Landfills would fill up faster
- The price of oil would decrease
- Global climate change would end