

Chapter
8
Section 1

Section Quiz

The Physical Geography of Latin America: The Land

I MATCHING

Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks.

- | | | |
|-------|---|---------------------|
| _____ | 1. densely populated Mexican Plateau | A. <i>Altiplano</i> |
| _____ | 2. high plain | B. Maracaibo |
| _____ | 3. large fertile plains area | C. <i>Anáhuac</i> |
| _____ | 4. grassy, treeless plains of Argentina and Uruguay | D. <i>Pampas</i> |
| _____ | 5. the region's largest lake | E. <i>llanos</i> |

II MULTIPLE CHOICE

In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| _____ | 6. Geographers divide Latin America into _____ areas. | A. three | B. four | C. five | D. two |
| _____ | 7. The largest country in Latin America is | A. Mexico. | B. Argentina. | C. Brazil. | D. Colombia. |
| _____ | 8. The Sierra Madre Occidental and the Sierra Madre Oriental meet in | A. Guatemala. | B. El Salvador. | C. Mexico City. | D. Colombia. |
| _____ | 9. The Andes mountain chain extends _____ miles. | A. 1,000 | B. 2,000 | C. 3,000 | D. 4,000 |
| _____ | 10. East of Mato Grosso lies the Brazilian Highland, which is a | A. mountain range. | B. vast plateau. | C. range of foothills. | D. series of small hills. |

Chapter
8
Section 2

Section Quiz


The Physical Geography of Latin America: The Climate and Vegetation

I MATCHING

 Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks.

- | | | |
|-------|--|---------------------------|
| _____ | 1. hot country | A. <i>tierra fría</i> |
| _____ | 2. temperate country | B. <i>tierra templada</i> |
| _____ | 3. cold country | C. canopy |
| _____ | 4. a covering | D. <i>tierra caliente</i> |
| _____ | 5. desert that runs south from Chile's northern border with Peru | E. Atacama |

II MULTIPLE CHOICE

 In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| _____ | 6. In the humid subtropical climate of much of southeastern South America, the winters are | A. long and cold. | C. short and mild. |
| | | B. long and mild. | D. short and cold. |
| _____ | 7. One of the driest places in the world is | A. the Atacama Desert. | C. the Pacific coastal areas of Peru. |
| | | B. the northernmost tip of Chile. | D. the foothills of the Andes Mountains. |
| _____ | 8. The rain forests in Latin America are found mostly | A. in the southernmost part of the region. | |
| | | B. in the northernmost part of the region. | |
| | | C. in Argentina. | |
| | | D. near the Equator. | |
| _____ | 9. Northern Mexico, the highlands of South America near the Andes, and coastal areas of South America all have a | A. subtropical climate. | C. marine west coast climate. |
| | | B. steppe climate. | D. arid climate. |
| _____ | 10. The largest rain forest of the region is located in | A. Brazil. | B. Colombia. |
| | | C. Mexico. | D. Argentina. |